

Planning and Building Control
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Contact Number: 0208 359 4729

Comer Homes Group
C/O Agent Daniel Watney
165 Fleet Street
London
EC4A 2DW

Application Number: **21/4433/OUT**
Registered Date: 10 August 2021

TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990

REFUSAL OF OUTLINE PLANNING PERMISSION

TAKE NOTICE that the Barnet London Borough Council, in exercise of its powers as Local Planning Authority under the above Act, hereby:

REFUSES OUTLINE PLANNING PERMISSION for:

Hybrid planning application for the phased comprehensive redevelopment of the North London Business Park to deliver a residential-led mixed use development. The detailed element comprises up to 452 residential units in five blocks reaching 9 storeys, the provision of a 5 form entry secondary school, a gymnasium, a multi-use sports pitch and associated changing facilities and improvements to open space and transport infrastructure, including improvements to the access from Brunswick Park Road and; the outline element comprises up to 1,967 additional residential units in buildings ranging from three to twelve storeys, up to 7,148 sqm of non-residential floor space (use Class E and F) and public open space. Associated site preparation/enabling work, transport infrastructure and junction work, landscaping and car parking., , ,

At: North London Business Park, Oakleigh Road South, London, N11 1GN

as referred to in your application and shown on the accompanying plan(s):

For the following reason(s):

- 1 The proposed development would, by virtue of its excessive height, scale, and massing, result in a discordant and visually obtrusive form of development that would demonstrably fail to respect the local context and established pattern of development when viewed from the west of the site on Fernwood Crescent, Denham Road, Oakleigh Close and Oakleigh Road North as well as New Southgate Cemetery to the East, to the detriment of the character and appearance of the area, and the visual amenity of adjoining residential occupiers. The proposal would therefore not create a high-quality development, not constitute a sustainable

form of development and would be contrary to the provisions of the NPPF, Policies D3, D4 and D9 of the London Plan 2021 and policies CS5, DM01 and DM05 of the Barnet Local Plan Core Strategy and Development Management Policies 2012.

INFORMATIVE(S):

- 1 In accordance with paragraphs 38-57 of the NPPF, the Council takes a positive and proactive approach to development proposals, focused on solutions. To assist applicants in submitting development proposals, the Local Planning Authority has produced planning policies and written guidance to guide applicants when submitting applications. These are all available on the Council's website. A pre-application advice service is also offered.

The applicant sought formal pre-application advice which was provided. Unfortunately the submitted scheme is not considered to accord with the Development Plan. If the applicant wishes to submit a further application, the Council is willing to assist in identifying possible solutions through the pre-application advice service.

- 2 This is a reminder that should an application for appeal be allowed, then the proposed development would be deemed as 'chargeable development', defined as development of one or more additional units, and / or an increase to existing floor space of more than 100 sq m. Therefore the following information may be of interest and use to the developer and in relation to any future appeal process:

We believe that your development is liable for CIL. The Mayor of London adopted a CIL charge on 1st April 2012 setting a rate of £60 per sq m on all forms of development in Barnet except for education and health developments which are exempt from this charge. The London Borough of Barnet first adopted a CIL charge on 1st May 2013. A new Barnet CIL Charging Schedule applies from 1 April 2022 (<https://www.barnet.gov.uk/planning-and-building/planning/community-infrastructure-levy>) which applies a charge to all residential (including sui generis residential), hotel, retail and employment uses.

Please note that Indexation will be added in line with Regulation 40 of Community Infrastructure Levy.

Liability for CIL is recorded to the register of Local Land Charges as a legal charge upon a site, payable should development commence. The Mayoral CIL charge is collected by the London Borough of Barnet on behalf of the Mayor of London; receipts are passed across to Transport for London to support Crossrail.

The assumed liable party will be sent a 'Liability Notice' providing full details of the charge and to whom it has been apportioned for payment. If you wish to identify named parties other than the original applicant for permission as the liable party for paying this levy, please submit to the Council an 'Assumption of Liability' notice; also available from the Planning Portal website.

The Community Infrastructure Levy becomes payable upon commencement of development. A 'Notice of Commencement' is required to be submitted to the Council's CIL Team prior to commencing on site; failure to provide such information at the due date will incur both surcharges and penalty interest. There are various other charges and surcharges that may apply if you fail to meet other statutory requirements relating to CIL, such requirements will all be set out in the Liability Notice you will receive. You may wish to seek professional planning advice to ensure that you comply fully with the requirements of CIL Regulations.

If you have a specific question or matter you need to discuss with the CIL team, or you fail to receive a 'Liability Notice' from the Council within 1 month of any appeal being allowed, please contact us: cil@barnet.gov.uk.

Relief or Exemption from CIL

If social housing or charitable relief applies to your development or your development falls within one of the following categories then this may reduce the final amount you are required to pay; such relief must be applied for prior to commencement of development using the 'Claiming Exemption or Relief' form available from the Planning Portal website: www.planningportal.gov.uk/cil.

You can apply for relief or exemption under the following categories:

1. Charity: If you are a charity, intend to use the development for social housing or feel that there are exception circumstances affecting your development, you may be eligible for a reduction (partial or entire) in this CIL Liability. Please see the documentation published by the Department for Communities and Local Government at https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/6314/19021101.pdf
2. Residential Annexes or Extension: You can apply for exemption or relief to the collecting authority in accordance with Regulation 42(B) of Community Infrastructure Levy Regulations (2010), as amended before commencement of the chargeable development.
3. Self Build: Application can be made to the collecting authority provided you comply with the regulation as detailed in the legislation.gov.uk.

Please visit

www.planningportal.gov.uk/planning/applications/howtoapply/whattosubmit/cil for further details on exemption and relief.

Date of Decision: 23 March 2023

Signed:



Fabien Gaudin
Service Director – Planning and Building Control

NOTE(S):

1. Your attention is drawn to the attached Schedule which sets out the rights of an applicant who is aggrieved by a decision of the Local Planning Authority.
2. This Notice relates solely to the refusal of planning permission and does not purport to convey any approval or consent which may be required under the Building Regulations or any other statutory purpose.

For more information about making a Building Regulations application, please contact the Barnet Council Building Control team by email (building.control@barnet.gov.uk), telephone (0208 359 4500), or see our website at www.barnet.gov.uk/building-control.

APPEAL GUIDANCE:

Should you (an applicant or agent) feel aggrieved by the decision of the Council to either refuse permission or to grant permission subject to conditions, you can appeal to the Secretary of State for the Department of Communities and Local Government – Sections 78 and 195 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 / Sections 20 and 21 of the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act 1990. Any such appeal must be made within the relevant timescale for the application types noted below, beginning with the date of the decision notice (unless an extended period has been agreed in writing with the Council):

- Six months: Full (excluding householder and minor commercial applications), listed building (including Certificate of Lawfulness in relation to a listed building), Section 73 'variation/removal', Section 73 'minor material amendment', extension of time and prior approval applications.
- 12 weeks: Householder planning, householder prior approval and minor commercial applications.
- 8 weeks: Advertisement consent applications
- No timescale: Certificate of lawful development (existing/proposed) applications.

Where an enforcement notice has been issued, the appeal period may be significantly reduced, subject to the following criteria:

- Where the development proposed by your application is the same or substantially the same as development that is the subject of an enforcement notice served within the last two years you must appeal within 28 days of the date of the application decision
- Where an enforcement notice is served on or after the decision date on your application relating to the same or substantially the same land and development as in your application and if you want to appeal against the Council's decision you are advised to appeal against the Enforcement Notice and to do so before the Effective date stated on the Enforcement Notice.

Appeals must be made using the prescribed form(s) of The Planning Inspectorate (PINS) obtained from www.planning-inspectorate.gov.uk or by contacting 03034445000. A copy of any appeal should be sent both to PINS and the Council.

The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal, but will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are exceptional special circumstances. The Secretary of State can refuse to consider an appeal if the Council could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted without the conditions it imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements and provision of the Development Order and to any direction given under the Order. In practice it is uncommon for the Secretary of State to refuse to consider appeals solely because the Council based its decision on a direction given by the Secretary of State.

PURCHASE NOTICES:

If either the Local Planning Authority or the First Secretary of State refuses permission to develop land or grants it subject to conditions, the owner may claim that he/she can neither put the land to a reasonably beneficial use in its existing state nor can he/she render that land capable of a reasonable beneficial use by carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted. In these circumstances, the owner may serve a Purchase Notice on the District Council in whose area the land is situated. This notice will require the Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.